

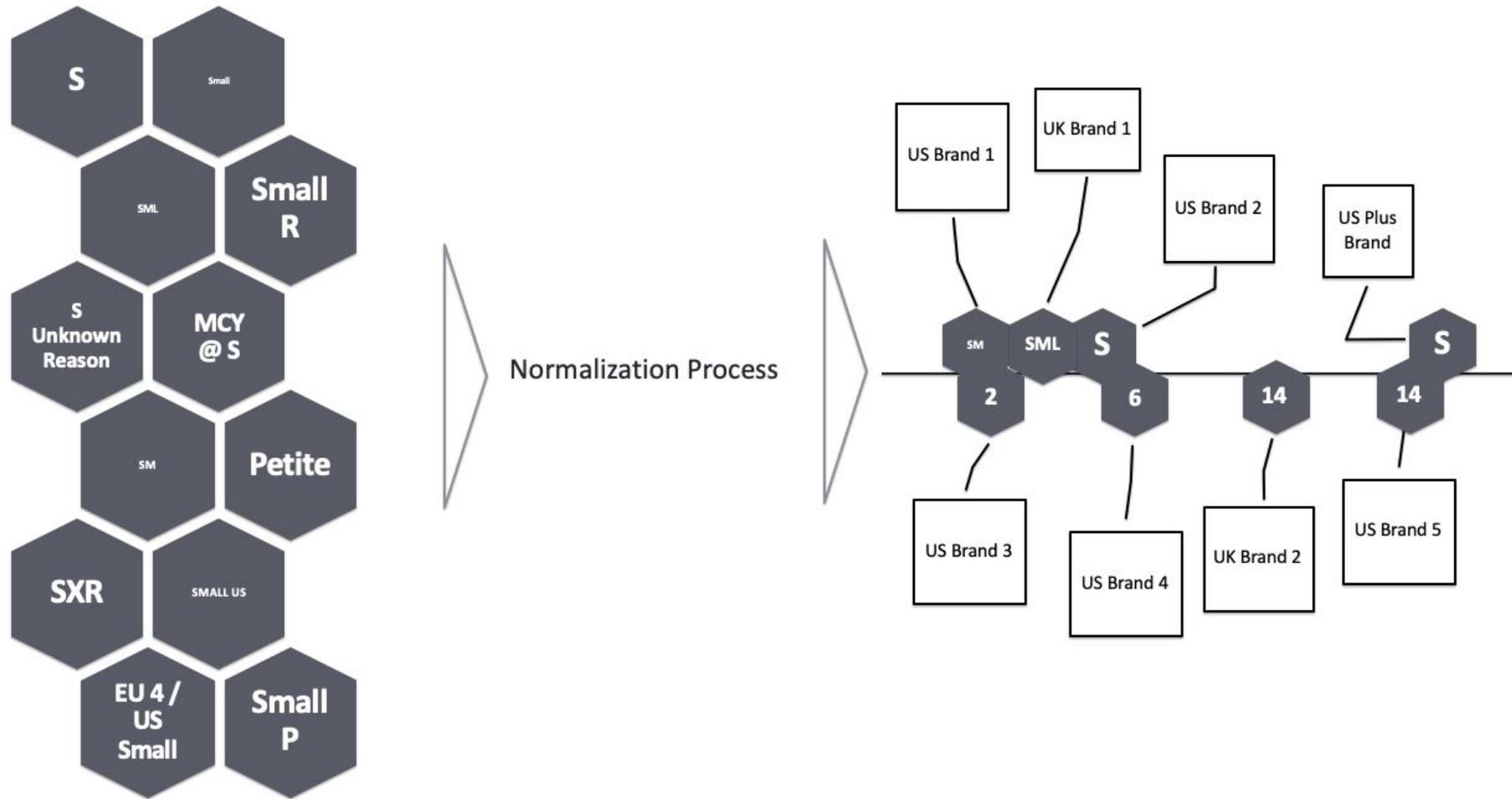


# Automated Fashion Size Normalization

Eddie S.J. Du, Chang Liu, David H. Wayne



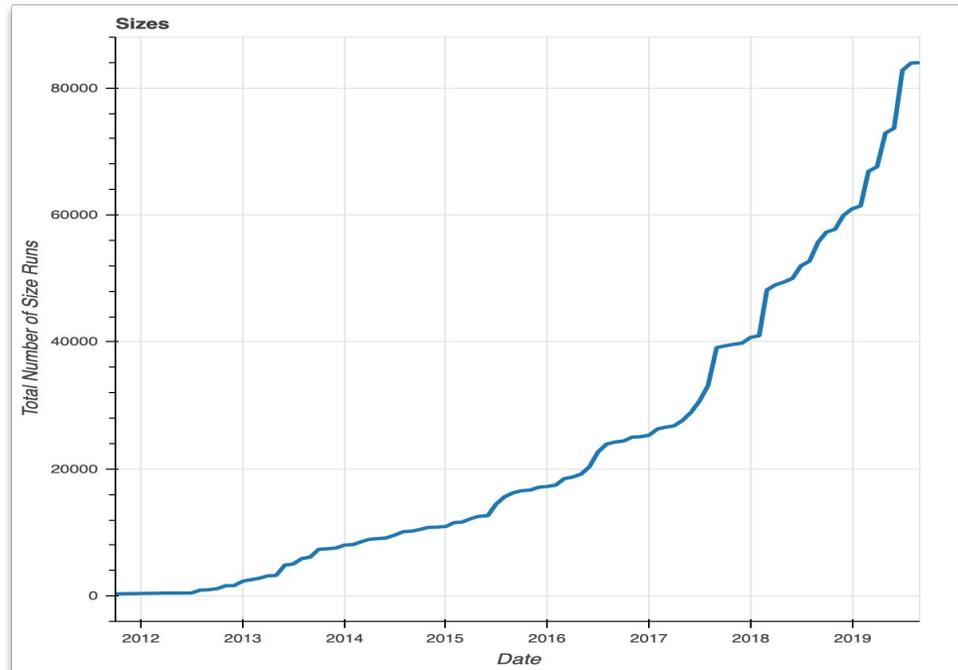
# Size Normalization



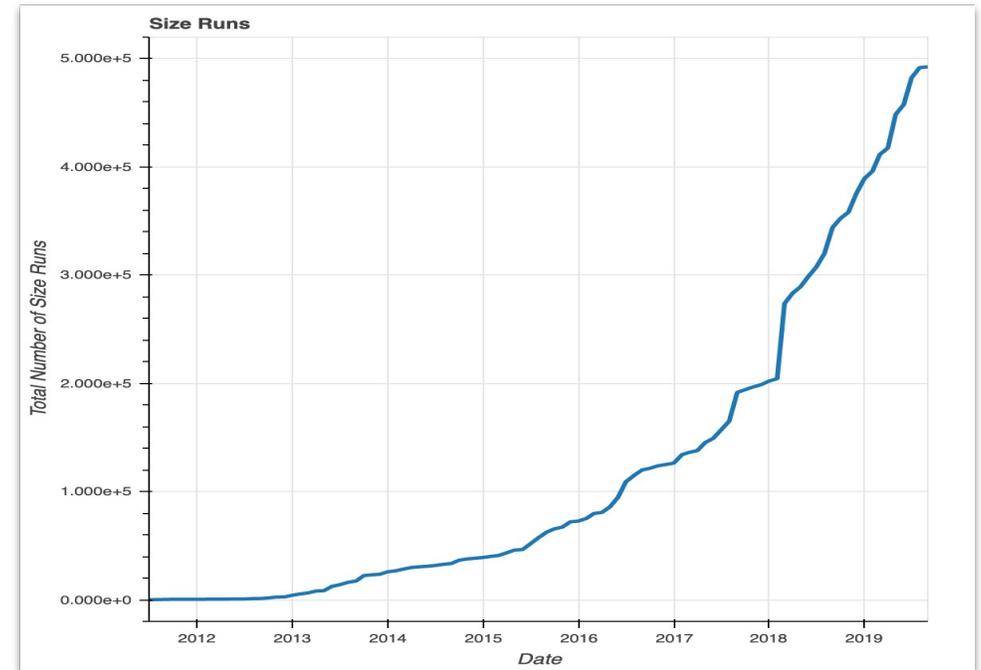


# Scale of Size Normalization Problem

- 83,977 distinct sizes



- 492,567 distinct size runs



# Notes

1. **Normalization on Category-Brand-Size**

eg. (*Men's Shoes, Nike, "12C"*) → 54

2. **Only using transaction data**

No Feedback, eg. "Too small" or "Too big"

No extra user or item information, eg. height, weight, etc.



# Proposed Solution

$$\min \sum_{i=0}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{j=i+1}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{m=0}^{|\mathcal{S}_{b_i}|} \sum_{n=0}^{|\mathcal{S}_{b_j}|} F_{(b_i, s_m), (b_j, s_n)} * (x_{b_i, s_m} - x_{b_j, s_n})^2$$



# Proposed Solution

$$\min \sum_{i=0}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{j=i+1}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{m=0}^{|\mathcal{S}_{b_i}|} \sum_{n=0}^{|\mathcal{S}_{b_j}|} F_{(b_i, s_m), (b_j, s_n)} * (x_{b_i, s_m} - x_{b_j, s_n})^2$$

For every *brand*



# Proposed Solution

$$\min \sum_{i=0}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{j=i+1}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{m=0}^{|\mathcal{S}_{b_i}|} \sum_{n=0}^{|\mathcal{S}_{b_j}|} F_{(b_i, s_m), (b_j, s_n)} * (x_{b_i, s_m} - x_{b_j, s_n})^2$$

For every *brand* For every *size*  
in the brand



# Proposed Solution

$$\min \sum_{i=0}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{j=i+1}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{m=0}^{|\mathcal{S}_{b_i}|} \sum_{n=0}^{|\mathcal{S}_{b_j}|} F_{(b_i, s_m), (b_j, s_n)} * \underbrace{(x_{b_i, s_m} - x_{b_j, s_n})^2}_{\text{Minimize distance in shared space.}}$$

For every *brand* For every *size*  
in the brand



# Proposed Solution

$$\min \sum_{i=0}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{j=i+1}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{m=0}^{|\mathcal{S}_{b_i}|} \sum_{n=0}^{|\mathcal{S}_{b_j}|} F(b_i, s_m), (b_j, s_n) * (x_{b_i, s_m} - x_{b_j, s_n})^2$$

For every **brand** For every **size** in the brand Weighted by the **copurchase frequency**. **Minimize distance** in shared space.



# Proposed Solution

$$\min \sum_{i=0}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{j=i+1}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{m=0}^{|\mathcal{S}_{b_i}|} \sum_{n=0}^{|\mathcal{S}_{b_j}|} F_{(b_i, s_m), (b_j, s_n)} * (x_{b_i, s_m} - x_{b_j, s_n})^2$$

For every **brand** For every **size** Weighted by the **Minimize distance** in shared space.  
 in the brand **copurchase frequency.**

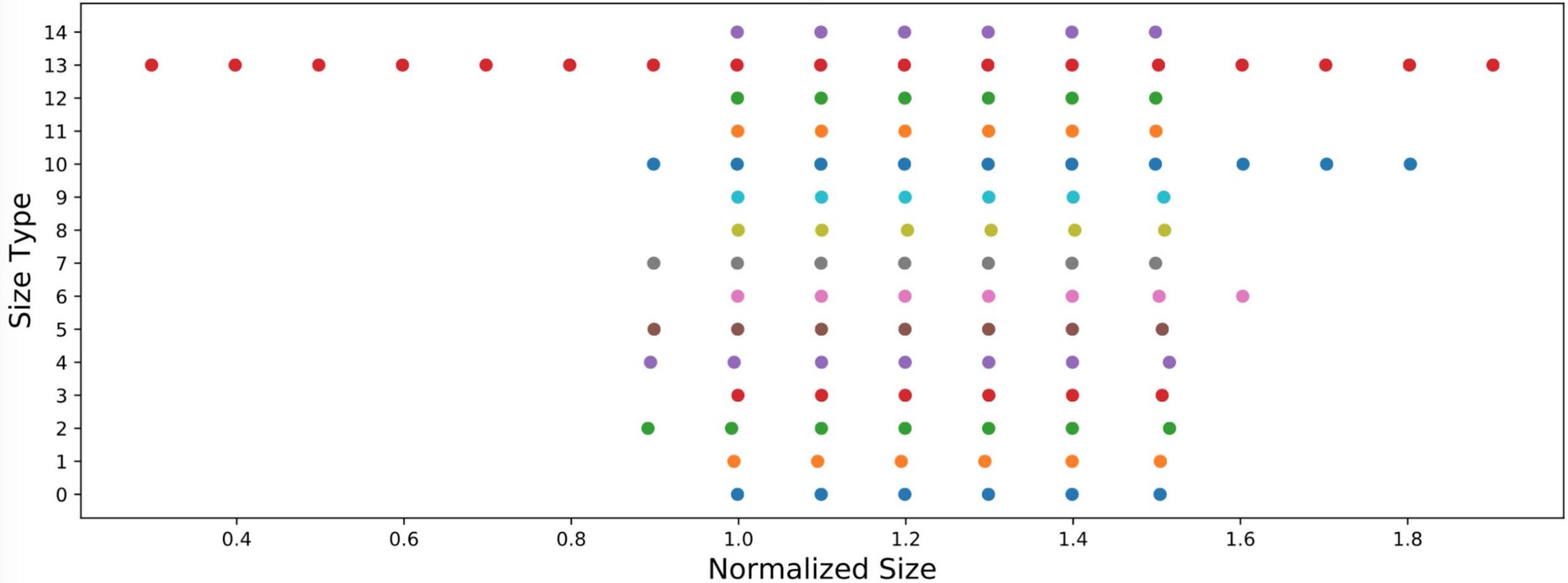
$$+ \sum_{i=0}^{|\mathcal{B}|} \frac{0.1}{|\mathcal{S}_{b_i}|} (x_{b_i, s_{|\mathcal{S}_{b_i}|}} - x_{b_i, s_0})$$

Make sure that **sizes on the extremes** gets assigned reasonable values.

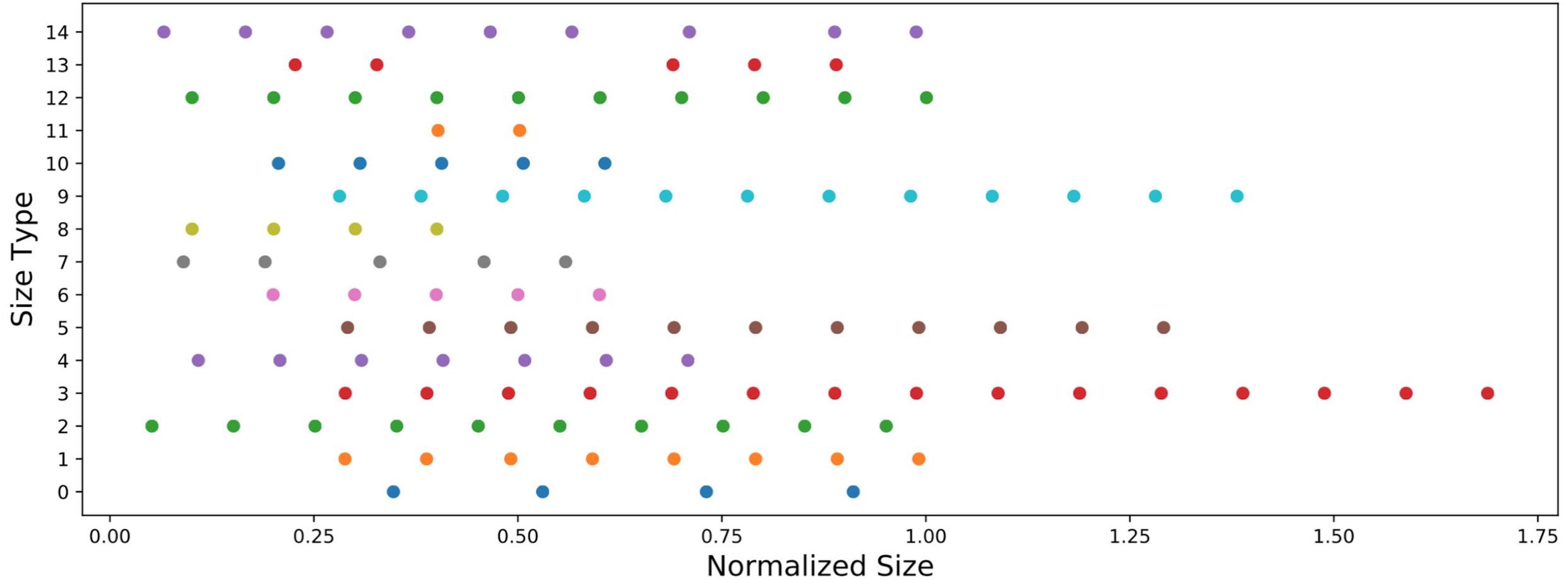
**s.t.**  $x_{b_i, s_{m+1}} - x_{b_i, s_m} \geq 0.1 \quad \forall b_i \in \mathcal{B}, m \in \mathcal{S}_{b_i}$

eg. XXXS, XXXL

# Results - Womens Shoes



# Results - Womens Dresses



## Results

	First Year Accuracy (Training Set)			Second Year Accuracy (Test Set)		
	GD	QP	Human	GD	QP	Human
Women's shoes	62%	62%	64%	60%	60%	67%
Women's dresses	58%	58%	59%	50%	50%	58%

Train: Off by **1-2%**

Test: Off by **up to 8%**

**Thank you & Come to our poster!**



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